

This investment is expected to help the city move away from traditional methods of transportation that harm the environment toward cleaner, more sustainable ways of getting around. ...

But the payoff is significant: the plan is expected to cut nearly 140,000 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions each year, while also creating 885 jobs in areas like green infrastructure and urban services.

Through this project, ESCAP supported the city of Dushanbe to develop measures to reduce in natural resource depletion resulting from unplanned and/or unmanaged urbanization.

Collaborating on renewable energy projects in the fields of solar, wind, hydro, and geothermal energy to reduce carbon footprints and dependence on fossil fuels.

The GCAP is the most recent effort of the City of Dushanbe to tackle its environmental, social, and economic challenges and realising its low-carbon and climate-resilient development potential.

Starting September 2025, Dushanbe's entire public transport system will shift to electric vehicles -- a move aimed at dramatically reducing air pollution. Tajikistan is also introducing organic ...

Dushanbe, home to around 900,000 people, has witnessed a considerable decline in air quality in recent years, exacerbated by various polluting industries. Vehicle emissions alone have ...

To tackle these challenges, a group of likeminded people created an ambitious plan to promote solutions to improve the city's environment and reduce carbon emissions.

The Dushanbe GCAP, developed jointly with the EBRD, is helping the largest municipality in Tajikistan, with a population of more than 800,000, to identify and address priority environmental and ...

The initiative demonstrates how sustainable construction can reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by up to 30% while improving household health, comfort, and livelihoods.

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